

The "Man's Store."
Official Weather Report—Fair and
Warmer To-day.



It's cheaper to be wrapped up in
one of our overcoats than to be
wrapped up in a doctor's bill.

All Overcoats and Rain Coats
Honesty Reduced.
All Blue, Black, and Fancy
Suits Honestly Reduced.

"Money's Worth or Money Back."
D. J. KAUFMAN
1005-7 Pa. Ave.

Every Business Man Should
Have the RAND CALENDAR
STAND AND PAD on his
Desk.

We offer you the regu-
lar 75c style for only... **40c**
R. ANDREWS COMPANY
627-629 L.A. AVE. N. W.

The New
"COLONIAL"
Thin Model
Waltham Watches
In solid gold and gold-filled cases.
Guaranteed Accurate Timepieces.
Henry C. Karr,
1436 New York Ave.,
Corner of 15th St.

CARVERS
That are high-grade. Here's
a very fine Carving Set, and
for little. Two-piece Stag-horn
Carving Set.
3-piece Carving Set, in
case, \$2.50.
John B. Espey Hardware,
1209 Pa. Ave. NW.

Clean, unspotted ceilings are
seen only in buildings where
electric light is in use.
Potomac Electric Power Co.,
213 14th Street N. W.

Now Think
ABOUT YOUR FEET
Georges' Corn and Bunion Shields, at your
druggist's, or our superior
CHIROPODY
will afford you quick and lasting
COMFORT.
J. J. GEORGES & SON, Inc.,
1211 Penna. Ave.

FUEL THAT'S ECONOMICAL
and Most Satisfactory.
—Coke is recommended because it is a
thoroughly good fuel—always gives perfect
results. It is very economical. We'll supply
you.
5 Bushels Large Coke, delivered.....\$2.50
6 Bushels Large Coke, delivered.....\$3.70
8 Bushels Large Coke, delivered.....\$5.20
5 Bushels Crushed Coke, delivered.....\$3.00
6 Bushels Crushed Coke, delivered.....\$4.50
8 Bushels Crushed Coke, delivered.....\$6.50
WASHINGTON GASLIGHT CO.,
413 Tenth Street N. W.

THE HOME OF PURE WHISKY.
FINEZA
—a whisky that's depend-
able in quality and of
pleasing taste. It stimu-
lates and sustains.
BOTTLE, \$1.
CHAS. KRAEMER, 735 7th St. N. W.,
Phone No. 2738

Your opportunity
may be found among
the want ads of The
Herald this morning.

One cent a word will
place your wants in
the homes of 30,000
readers

QUESTION IS RAISED

Strong Claim Made by Pub-
lic Printer Stillings.

EXPENDITURES ARE REDUCED

Chief of Big Printery Takes Credit
of Saving About \$700,000, but Dis-
charge of Employees Under Curtil-
ment Order and Cutting Down of
Reports May Be Responsible.

Public Printer Charles A. Stillings has
made it his boast that he is getting out
the work.

Public Printer Charles A. Stillings is
not naturally a boaster—he is like Topsy.
In a late issue of The Washington
Herald it was stated that Mr. Stillings
had reduced the expenditures for material,
&c., during the time he was in office be-
fore he made his first report, in June,
1907, by about \$700,000.

Since that statement was made the
facts were gleaned from the cold figures
in the reports of the Public Printer for
1906 and 1907—many people connected with
the Government Printing Office in various
capacities have been interviewed.

Had the Cutting Done.

Mr. Stillings, it appears, did not cut
down the expenses of his office by the
sum mentioned. He had them cut down
for him. By an Executive order issued
during the time before Mr. Stillings made
his report for 1906, it was required that
all departments of the government cut
down their reports and documents to
the bare amount needed.

In many instances the saving in paper
alone for these reports was large. In the
report of the War Department for the
years of 1906 and 1907, it has been
said, there was a difference in the number
of pages printed of considerably more
than 1,000 in favor of the report made
by Mr. Stillings.

In another instance, that of the "bank
statement," it is said the report, or state-
ment, which it really was in 1906, to a small
pamphlet in 1907. In many other de-
partments, acting in accordance with the Ex-
ecutive order, confined their reports to the
least possible space. The order in ques-
tion was promulgated for the express
purpose of curtailing the expenses of
the Government Printing Office.

Mr. Stillings, according to the reports of
1906 and 1907, saved almost \$100,000 on
paper alone. But if all the government
departments were cut so largely as to
bring their number of pages, obviously it
was not the management on the part of
Mr. Stillings which caused this reduction.

The Executive Order.

Another effect of the Executive order
mentioned was to cause the discharge
of a large number of employees of the
Government Printing Office for whom Mr.
Stillings, under his curtilment, could find
no work. The amount saved thus, as
shown by a comparison of the two re-
ports to have been approximately \$300,000
in favor of the one made by Mr. Stillings,
was, therefore, nothing but the conse-
quence of the retrenchment under an
Executive order.

In the matter of supplies, other than
paper, Mr. Stillings was shown, by a
comparison of the two reports, to have sup-
posedly saved about \$200,000 during the
first year he was the Public Printer.
However, men closely connected with the
Government Printing Office assert that
this apparent saving has an air of un-
reality when it is faced by the Executive
order of curtilment.

Lithographing and engraving being but
the finer shades of printing, would natu-
rally be cut when the expenditures by
the department for the printing were cut.
Consequently, it seems obvious that Mr.
Stillings did not save the \$700,000-odd that
a comparison of the reports of 1906 and
1907 might even seem to show that he has
saved. The Executive order would touch
and did touch the lithographing and en-
graving, as well as any other portion of
the work done by the Government Print-
ing Office for the departments.

Public Printer Stillings said to a re-
porter for The Washington Herald that he
had cut down expenses during his first
year about \$600,000.

Comparison of Reports.

A comparison of the reports of the Pub-
lic Printer for 1906 and 1907 shows that
Mr. Stillings, apparently, cut down ex-
penses to the amount of about \$700,000.
An Executive order said that all the
departments which offer most of the busi-
ness done at the Government Printing
Office must cut down the volume of their
several reports.

It has been stated that the departments
did so in some instances, and it is fair
to assume that none of them disregarded
such an order.

If Mr. Stillings really saved the \$600,000,
he must have brought the American sys-
tem, which the law favors will be installed
to instruct in a "cost," &c., system, he
can show that he made the saving and
not the departments, acting under orders,
and, naturally, curtailing Mr. Stillings'
amount of work.

CONCORDIA TO CELEBRATE.

Evangelical Lutheran's Jubilee Be-
gins Week of January 12.

Concordia Evangelical Lutheran Church,
Twentieth and R streets northwest, will
celebrate the seventy-fifth anniversary of
its organization with a jubilee week Janu-
ary 12 to 19.

A service of praise and thanksgiving
will be conducted at Sunday January 13,
and the Sunday school will celebrate in
the evening of the same day. Services
will be conducted every day except Sat-
urday during the week, and a banquet
and social reunion will be held on Janu-
ary 17. The concluding service will be
held on January 19.

ECKINGTON W. C. T. U. MEETS.

Delegates Are Appointed for Forth-
coming Events.

The Eckington W. C. T. U. met at the
home of Mrs. O. A. Tingle Friday even-
ing, January 3. Mrs. M. M. K. White led
the devotional exercises, after which the
regular business was transacted.

Mrs. Miller and Mrs. A. I. Rogers were
appointed superintendents of good litera-
ture. Mrs. A. M. Stuart and Mrs. Rogers
were appointed delegates to the quarterly
meeting of the District W. C. T. U. to
be held on January 17. Other delegates
were chosen to represent the union at
the meeting of the Prohibition Crusaders
to be held to-night. These were Mrs. M.
M. K. White, Mrs. and Mrs. G. T. Shin-
nick, and Dr. Isabella Manger. After ad-
journing the hostess served refreshments.

Bible Class Elects Officers.

The First M. P. Church Men's Bible
Class organized Friday, January 3, elect-
ing the following officers: Teacher, Rev.
B. P. Truitt; president, John K. Runion;
vice president, John R. Emory; secretary,
H. Hobart Lee; and treasurer, William
S. Campbell. The class was entertained at
dinner by the pastor. This class cordially
invites all men to attend Sunday morn-
ings, from 9:30 to 11 o'clock.

Bargains in Beds.

Quite a number of beds on
sale to-day at great reductions.
Extraordinary values every
one of them. Come early and
secure the best selections.

We'll also have a special
sale of Morris Chairs and
Chiffoniers at inventory sale
prices. Your credit is as good
as cash.

When in Doubt, Buy of
House & Herrmann
7th and Eye Sts. N. W.

THEFTS AT MEXICAN EMBASSY

Silver Reported Missing Is Soon
Found in Residence.

Employee Who Reported Loss of Gold
Watch and Chain Has Not
Yet Recovered Them.

The theft of thirty-one pieces of silver
service from one of the rooms of the
Mexican Embassy, 1415 I street north-
west, was reported to the police yester-
day morning. The silverware was a por-
tion of a costly set of 124 pieces brought
from Europe by Senor Don Enrique C.
Creel, the Mexican Ambassador to the
United States.

On receiving this information the police
officials detailed one of the Central office
detectives to the case, and started a
thorough investigation. At the embassy
a number of employees were closely ques-
tioned by members of the legation staff,
and a search was made of all the rooms.
Within a short time after receiving the
news of the supposed theft the police offi-
cials were notified that the silver had
been recovered. The thirty-one pieces
were found wrapped up in a cloth and
hidden behind a doorway in one of the
rooms. How the silver got to such a
place is a matter of considerable mys-
tery to the police.

Several days ago Dominio Giovanni, an
employee at the embassy, reported to the
police that his gold watch and chain,
valued at \$55, had disappeared from the
place. Every portion of the embassy has
been carefully searched but as yet the
valuables have not been found. The
police are still investigating the matter.

COMPOSERS WILL FIGHT BILL

Mr. Witmark Opposes the Currier
Measure in Congress.

Declares if It Is Passed It Will Be
Death Knell to American
Music Authors.

Isidore Witmark, president of the Na-
tional Copyright Association, and a mem-
ber of the firm of M. Witmark & Sons
Co., of New York, said last night
that the composers of the country would
fight the Currier bill, which will be in-
troduced in Congress the latter part of this
month by Congressman Currier.
"This bill," said Mr. Witmark, "gives
the manufacturers of perforated music
rolls and phonograph record-makers the
privilege to take what musical composi-
tions they want, and not to respect the
author's rights in the matter. At the
present time these manufacturers take a
musical composition that has made a hit,
and use it on their rolls or records, or
Orienteles they interpolate bars of music
which were not in the original composi-
tion, or cut out parts which make the
piece too long for their purpose. This
ruins the reputation of the composer
with every one who hears the record."
"The composers are going to fight the
bill, because, if it is passed, it will mean
part of their livelihood will be taken
away."
"It will discourage the American com-
poser, as the sales of 'canned music' are
increasing rapidly, and when the sale of
sheet music stops, the author will be
without a means to earn his living. The
bill says the music copyright law shall
not be construed to include the records
or music rolls, and will make the author
unprotected."

"There is no reason why these manu-
facturers should get compositions for
nothing. Without musical compositions
these manufacturers would not have
goods to sell to the public. Music roll
without music would be worth nothing.
But they have no right to use the work
of the composers' brain without recom-
pense."
"At almost the same time the Currier
bill will come up for consideration,
and it will be introduced by Senator Kit-
tridge, providing that these manu-
facturers pay a royalty to the authors for
the use of their works. This is only fair."
"Many of the famous composers of the
country will come to Washington and try
to defeat the Currier bill. They feel
the need of a good copyright law to cover
this 'piracy' keenly. If it is passed the
American composer will be discouraged,
for without money he cannot live, and
the quality of our musical work will de-
crease."

Colored Night Schools.

The colored public evening schools will
open to-night in the following buildings:
Armstrong, Stevens, Randall, Garnet,
Loveloy, and Garfield. An additional
graded night school will be opened at
the Birney school to accommodate the
residents of Hillside and vicinity. Train-
ing of an advanced character will also
be offered at a new center located in the
Summer school building, at Seventeenth
and M streets northwest. Arrangements
have been made for the consolidation of
classes in the business department of the
Armstrong Night High School.

Policeman Lipscomb's Son Hurt.

Theodore Lipscomb, nine years of age,
living at 1832 Thirty-sixth street north-
west, son of Policeman T. B. Lipscomb,
of the Seventh precinct, was struck by
an automobile operated by Dr. G. W.
Wood, of 2906 P street northwest, while
playing on the Canal road yesterday af-
ternoon. The boy was painfully bruised
about the back and right hip. He was
placed in Dr. Wood's automobile and
taken to his home, where he was treated
by the family physician.

STUDY CANADA LINE

Waterways Commission Re-
ports on Lake Erie.

CANAL DRAINAGE SPECIFIED

Lockport Company May Divert 500
Cubic Feet Per Second—Chicago
Stream Not More Than 10,000 Cubic
Feet Per Second—Much Data Col-
lected and Studied During Year.

The American members of the Interna-
tional Waterways Commission have sub-
mitted to the Secretary of War their re-
port for the year ended December 1 last.

The report shows that during that
period the full commission held three
and the American members six meetings
at Buffalo and Toronto. In the interval
between these meetings the collection and
study of data bearing upon the various
questions before the commission were
continued.

The commission was created by the
rivers and harbors act of 1902, and its
duties are to investigate and report upon
the waterways on the boundary line
between the United States and Canada.
As a result of the commission's investi-
gations, a permit has been issued to the
Lockport Hydraulic Company to divert
500 cubic feet per second of water from
the Erie Canal.

New York Must Consent.

This permit, however, was issued with
the express understanding that it confers
no authority to divert water from the
Erie Canal without the consent of the
State of New York, and that it is sub-
ject to such regulations and conditions
as the State sees fit to impose.

The full commission has submitted a
report to the two governments recom-
mending that the government of the
United States prohibit the diversion of
more than 10,000 cubic feet of water per
second for the Chicago Drainage Canal.
The commission has also submitted a re-
port to the two governments upon the
international boundary line in Lake Erie,
which was a matter of dispute caused by
the seizure by the Canadian vessel Vik-
lant in August, 1906, of a number of fish-
ing nets placed near the middle of the
lake by the Keystone Fish Company, of
Erie, Pa.

Despite the contention of the fish com-
pany that the nets were on the Ameri-
can side of the boundary line, the Cana-
dian government confiscated them.

To Fix Canada Line.

The report recommended that the com-
mission be authorized to locate, lay down
upon a modern chart, and monument the
boundary line through Lake Erie.

The commission is composed of the fol-
lowing members: Brig. Gen. O. H. Ernst,
U. S. A., retired, chairman; George Clin-
ton, of Buffalo, and Prof. E. E. Haskell,
of Cornell University, representing the
United States; and George C. Gibbons,
of London, Ontario, chairman; Louis
Coste, of Ottawa, and William J. Stewart,
of Ottawa, representing Canada.

PUBLIC HEALTH THE TOPIC.

Board of Trade's Committee Dis-
cusses Pollution of Potomac.

A most interesting and earnest meet-
ing of the Board of Trade's committee on
public health was held Friday evening,
in the board rooms, Dr. D. Percy Hic-
king in the chair.

Some of the recommendations in the
annual report of this committee, which
will be presented to the full board at its
next meeting, January 22, was further
discussed.

The pollution of Potomac water in gen-
eral, especially that threatened by the
sewerage system to be installed at Han-
cock, Md., was thoroughly discussed, and
the committee decided to invite men in-
terested in the subject to attend and ad-
dress the next meeting of the commit-
tee. The appropriation suggested by the
Washington Playground Association, and
approved by the Commissioners of the
District of Columbia, for the erection of
a public bath house in Northeast Wash-
ington, and another in Southwest Wash-
ington, was freely discussed and ap-
proved as important to the health of
these communities.

BROCKMAN ON FAR EAST.

Says United States Is Asleep, While
Other Countries Profit.

Fletcher S. Brockman, national secre-
tary of the Young Men's Christian Asso-
ciation in China and Korea, gave a new
view of the situation in the far East in
his address on "The New Orient," yester-
day afternoon, at the regular Sunday
afternoon meeting for men, in the gym-
nasium hall of the Y. M. C. A. building.

In speaking of the Christian work in
the Orient, in which he has been engaged
for a number of years, he stated that
Buddhism and Confucianism are things
of the past, and that the light of to-day
is against paganism and materialism.
His prediction, which he made three
years ago in this city, that the educa-
tional system in the East would be en-
tirely changed, has been fulfilled, he said.
He also said that there are in Tokyo, at
the present day, 16,000 students, selected
from provinces, cities, and towns in every
part of their country, who are being edu-
cated in the Christian religion, and
who will go back to their homes and
educate others of their race.

"The United States is asleep," he de-
clared. "European countries have sci-
entific and industrial leaders in the far
East, studying the conditions there, and
profiting by some of the little things
which those countries have learned by
centuries of study and experiment, while
this country has not made the first step
in this direction."

LOCAL MENTION.

EXCURSIONS TO-DAY.

To Fort Monroe, Norfolk, Newport News, and all
points South-Norfolk and Washington steamers
every evening in the year at 6:30.
To Rock Creek Bridge, Zoological Park, Cherry
Chase, and Kensington—Cars from Fifteenth street
and New York avenue every Saturday morning
and a half from 6 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Specialists in Sea Foods.

Phil. Oyster & Chop House, 513 11th st. NW.
For Food or Medicinal Use
Get an Original Carl Pompadour Extra 1
Lucca Olive Oil. Your druggist or grocer.

Choice Potatoes, 20c Pk.;
Tomatoes, 7c and 8c cans; Salmon, 8c and
10c cans; Ham, 12c; Pickles, 9c; Br.
bacon, 12c; pineapple wafers, 10c can;
prunes, 8c; India relish, 8c bottle; pickles,
1c 1 lb. rubbed sage, 1c 1 lb. pepper,
15c; 25 outcups, 5c. J. T. D. Fries' Stores.

Great Beer Spring Water, 4 Gals., 50c.
Office, 704 11th st. Phone Maine 329.

Table d'Hote Dinner, 75c; Luncheon
in carte, Park Hotel, Winter Garden, N. Y.
ave. and 11th st. Hungarian Orchestra
during lunch, dinner, and supper.

Gatti's Olive Cream Shampoo
Is the only pure olive oil hair invigorator.
At druggists.

J. G. Pattee Company

Second Week of
Annual Clearance Sale

Our Entire Stock of High-grade
Cloaks, Suits, Waists, and Furs

for Women

Reduced $\frac{1}{3}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ Former Prices.



Chiffon Velvet Calling Costume.
Reduced from \$175 to \$75.

1331 G Street
Northwest

LECTURES ON "GOOD CHEER"

Anniversary of Evangelistic Work
at Waugh M. E. Church.

Miss Jennie Smith Declares Temper-
ance People Look to Washing-
ton for Good Example.

The twenty-fifth anniversary of rail-
road evangelistic work in this country
was celebrated last night in Waugh
Methodist Episcopal Church, Third and
A streets northeast, where Miss Jennie
Smith started the work twenty-five years
ago.

Since that time Miss Smith has become
widely known as a railroad evangelistic
worker, having traveled over the greater
part of the United States while engaged
in the work. She is the author of many
well-known books, among which are
"Valley of Others," "Ramblings in Beu-
la," and others, all prominently in
evangelistic and temperance literature.

Her subject last night was "Good
Cheer," and she dwelt upon the im-
portance of every one spreading good
cheer whenever there was an oppor-
tunity. Have a kind word for the mail-
carrier, the servants in your employ, and
every one you meet, and you will be
happier yourself, she declared. In speak-
ing of the temperance movement in this
country, which has recently caused much
comment, she said that the people of
the United States are looking toward
Washington, the Capital City, for the
greatest support, and especially the tem-
perance people of Georgia, where the
sale of spirituous liquors has been pro-
hibited since January 1.

At the conclusion of Miss Smith's ad-
dress, the elder members of Waugh
Church, who were present when she made
her first evangelistic talk, gave many in-
teresting reminiscences of that night,
and promised to lend their aid in the
work in the future as in the past.

VETERAN PRINTERS ELECTED.

G. P. O. Club Names New Officers for
the Year 1908.

The members of the Government Print-
ing Office Veteran Club held their annual
election Saturday night, and elected the
following named comrades as officers for
the year 1908: President, Wallace Brewer;
vice president, Thomas C. Pursel; treas-
urer, Charles M. Robinson; secretary, J.
C. Morgan; doorkeeper, John Maley.

This association is composed entirely of
employees of the Government Printing
Office who served in the civil war, and
is now in the seventh year of its exist-
ence. Its purposes are entirely social
ones, and the club is in a flourishing con-
dition.

Give Enjoyable Dance.

An enjoyable New Year's eve party
was given by the Misses Killegans, of
723 Third street northwest. One of the
principal features was the singing and
dancing of Miss Maraguerite Elwood,
who is recognized as one of the best
juvenile entertainers of the city. The
following guests were present: Dr.
Walter Monroe, Mr. and Mrs. Hall, Mr.
and Mrs. Worster, E. F. Welsh, Miss E.
Shaffer, W. H. Cook, of Cleveland, Ohio;
Richard S. Johnson, Mr. Robert Has-
kins, of Chicago, Ill.; Mr. Herbert Levy,
Mr. Eddie Espey, Mr. Gus Bruhl, Mr.
Walter Harrison, Mr. Marion Rogers,
Miss Gertrude McGowan, Mr. Joe Donohue,
Miss Katie Roach, Mr. and Mrs. Elwood,
Mr. Frank Roze, Mr. B. S. Raze, Dr.
and Mrs. Kleburg, and Miss Maraguer-
ette Elwood.

PROBATIONERS VISIT COURT

Judge De Lacy Gives Them Straight
Talk on Incurability.

Rev. Zed H. Copp Also Gives Advice
Relative to the Observance
of Law and Order.

The officials of the Juvenile Court had
as visitors yesterday afternoon several
hundred boys and girls who have been
placed on probation from time to time,
and for nearly two hours they were
treated to a series of heart-to-heart talks
by Judge De Lacy and Probation Officers
Zed H. Copp and Mrs. Gertrude Dar-
win.

Judge De Lacy exhorted his youthful
wards to begin the New Year by a re-
solve to never again violate the law, and
to be trustworthy and sincere in well-
doing.

He also advised the boys to shun the
use of the cigarette, and to remember
that the law was friendly to each. He
said:

"Instead of locking you up, the law has
permitted the court to place you on pro-
bation and given each of you the privi-
lege to stay in your homes, but you must
be true to the promises which you made
the court to never again violate the law,
and so long as you do this, the court
will be friendly to you."

The judge gave the children some
fatherly advice as to their duties to
their parents, their employers, and their
lawful superiors. Then Mr. Copp and
Mrs. Darwin interviewed each proba-
tioner as to attendance at school, earning
capacity, &c., and stated that the ma-
jority of the boys were working and
earning wages.

A library of nearly 200 volumes has
been added to the court, and at each of
the probation Sunday exercises books are
distributed, and it is said that during
the year and a half of the court's exist-
ence much good has been accomplished.

The number of probationers is 267.

An American flag has been hoisted over
the judge's bench, and it is said to be the
first Juvenile Court in the United States
to establish this feature.

SAILOR STRUCK BY CAR.

Man Recently Discharged Injured
on Pennsylvania Avenue.

Charles Dalston, forty-four years of
age, formerly a sailor in the United
States navy, was struck by an east-bound
Pennsylvania avenue car last